CORRECTION TO THE PAPER "THERE ARE NO CODIMENSION 1 LINEAR ISOMETRIES ON THE BALL AND POLYDISK ALGEBRAS"

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ABSTRACT. The following is Theorem in [1]. Let A be the ball algebra or the polydisk algebra in \mathbb{C}^n . When n > 1, there are no codimension 1 linear isometries on A.

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Professor Junzo Wada kindly indicated the author an error in the proof of Theorem for the case of the polydisk algebra in [1]. The purpose of this note is to supply a correct proof of the result. Let D^n be the unit polydisk, \overline{D}^n the closure, ∂D^n the topological boundary and T^n the torus. Let $A(T^n)$ be the polydisk algebra.

Theorem When n > 1, there are no codimension 1 linear isometries on $A(T^n)$.

The error in the proof in [1] is the last part (from the line 5 from the bottom on page 389 to the line 10 from the top on page 390).

We will simply write $A = A(T^n)$. Suppose that there exists a codimension 1 linear isometry, say $T: A \to A$. We will show a contradiction. By [1], there exists a homeomorphism φ of T^n onto T^n and a function $\psi \in A$ such that $|\psi(x)| = 1$ for all $x \in T^n$, and

$$(Tf)(x) = \psi(x)f(\varphi(x))$$
 for all $x \in T^n$ and all $f \in A$.

We denote by \hat{f} the Gelfand transform of $f \in A$ and \hat{A} the Gelfand transform of A. We identify \hat{A} with the polydisk algebra on \bar{D}^n . We define an operator \hat{T} on \hat{A} by

$$\hat{T}\hat{f} = \widehat{Tf}, \ \hat{f} \in \hat{A}.$$

Since $A \to \hat{A}$ is an isometry, \hat{T} is a codimension 1 linear isometry on \hat{A} .

So, by a simple caluculation, we see that $\hat{\psi}$ has a unique zero $p = (p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n) \in \overline{D}^n \setminus T^n$. Since $\hat{\psi}$ is holomorphic on D^n , we have $p \in \partial D^n \setminus T^n$. Thus there exists $1 \leq j \leq n$ such that $|p_j| < 1$. Put

$$U = \{(z_1, \dots, z_n) \in \overline{D}^n : |z_j - p_j| < \frac{1}{2}(1 - |p_j|)$$

and $z_l = p_l$ for $1 \le l \le n, l \ne j\}$

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 and

$$U_{k} = \{(z_{1}, \dots, z_{n}) \in \bar{D}^{n} : |z_{j} - p_{j}| < \frac{1}{2}(1 - |p_{j}|)$$

and $z_{l} = \left(1 - \frac{1}{k}\right)p_{l}$ for $1 \le l \le n, l \ne j\}$

Then $\hat{\psi}|_{U_k}$ is holomorphic on U_k and has no zero. On the other hand, $\hat{\psi}|_U$ is holomorphic on U and has a unique zero. By Rouché's theorem, this is a contradiction.

References

 K. Kasuga, There are no codimension 1 linear isometries on the ball and polydisk algebras, Sci. Math. Japonicae 54 No.2 (2001), 387-390.

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